### Test Series: March, 2022

### **MOCK TEST PAPER 1**

# FOUNDATION COURSE

# PAPER 4: BUSINESS ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS AND COMMERCIAL KNOWLEDGE

# PART- I: BUSINESS ECONOMICS

### QUESTIONS

- 1. Which of the following are the characteristics of Business Economics:
  - (a) It is a normative Science
  - (b) It is inter disciplinary
  - (c) Pragmatic in Nature
  - (d) All of the above
- 2. Which branch of economic theory deals with allocation of resources:
  - (a) Macro economic
  - (b) Micro economic
  - (c) Economic Growth
  - (d) None of these
- 3. Under which system Freedom of choice is an advantage:-
  - (a) Capitalism
  - (b) Mixed economy
  - (c) Socialism
  - (d) None of these
- 4. Taxation involves which aspects of normative economics:
  - (a) Incidence
  - (b) Fairness
  - (c) Incentive to work
  - (d) All of the above
- 5. Suppose we are drawing a supply curve of a farmer which of the following will be held constant. :
  - (a) Price of Inputs
  - (b) Weather Conditions
  - (c) Technology
  - (d) The price of the Commodity under consideration
- 6. A fall in the price of a commodity where everything else is held constant is referred to as:
  - (a) An increase in quantity demand
  - (b) A decrease in demand
  - (c) An increase in demand
  - (d) None of these

- 7. For Giffen good the Engel curve is:
  - (a) Positive sloped
  - (b) Vertical
  - (c) horizontal
  - (d) Negative sloped
- 8. A theory is :
  - (a) An assumption
  - (b) A hypothesis
  - (c) A validated hypothesis
  - (d) None of these
- 9. The Coefficient of Price elasticity of demand between two points on a demand curve is \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Arc elasticity
  - (b) Point elasticity
  - (c) Price elasticity
  - (d) None of these
- 10. When the demand curve is a rectangular hyperbola an increase in the price of the commodity causes the total expenditure of consumers of the commodity to:
  - (a) Remain unchanged
  - (b) Increase
  - (c) Decrease
  - (d) Any of the above
- 11. A movement along a curve rather than a shift in the curve can be measured by:-
  - (a) Cross elasticity of demand
  - (b) Income elasticity of demand
  - (c) Price elasticity of demand & Price elasticity of Supply
  - (d) None of these
- 12. The most important function of an entrepreneur is to \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Bear the sense of responsibility
  - (b) Finance
  - (c) Innovate
  - (d) None of these
- 13. How do the TVC curve behaves when the law of diminishing return begins to operate-
  - (a) Rise at a decreasing rate
  - (b) Fall at an increasing rate
  - (c) Fall at a decreasing rate
  - (d) Rise at an increasing rate
- 14. In the Short run level of output the firm at the optimum will be:
  - (a) Minimizing total losses

- (b) Maximizing total profit
- (c) Either maximizing total profit or minimizing total losses
- (d) None of these
- 15. If both factor prices and quantity moves in the same direction then it is called \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Decreasing Cost Industry
  - (b) Increasing Cost Industry
  - (c) Constant Cost Industry
  - (d) None of these
- 16. If the monopolist incur losses in the short run then in the long run:
  - (a) It will stay in the business
  - (b) Go out of business
  - (c) Will break even
  - (d) Any of the above is possible
- 17. A cartel which is market sharing will reach the monopoly situation :
  - (a) Always when the product is homogenous
  - (b) Always when the product is differentiated
  - (c) Sometime
  - (d) None of these
- 18. The Substitution effect will be stronger when-
  - (a) The goods are closer substitutes
  - (b) There is lower cost of switching to the substitute good
  - (c) There is lower inconvenience while switching to the substitute good.
  - (d) All of these
- 19. Increasing return to scale applies to:
  - (a) Long run
  - (b) Short run
  - (c) Either (a) or (b)
  - (d) None of these
- 20. Isoquant are also called:
  - (a) Equal product curves
  - (b) Production Indifference curves
  - (c) ISO product curves
  - (d) All of the above
- 21. Who describes production function as the relationship between the maximum amount of output can be produced and the input required to make that output :
  - (a) Samuelson
  - (b) Malthas
  - (c) Hicks

- (d) None of these
- 22. The concept of marginal cost is closely related with-
  - (a) Variable Cost
  - (b) Fixed Cost
  - (c) Opportunity Cost
  - (d) Economic Cost
- 23. When the average product of labour is maximized the marginal product of labour:
  - (a) Equal zero
  - (b) is maximized
  - (c) Equal  $AP_L$
  - (d) None of these
- 24. 'Time' element in market was conceived by :
  - (a) Alfred Marshall
  - (b) Pigou
  - (c) Allen
  - (d) None of these
- 25. Cross elasticity of demand for the monopolist's product or any other product is \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Zero
  - (b) Very small
  - (c) High
  - (d) Either (a) or (b)
- 26. In a monopolistically competitive market:
  - (a) Firm face a perfectly elastic demand for its product
  - (b) Does not face a perfectly elastic demand for its product
  - (c) Cannot be determined
  - (d) None of these
- 27. Price discrimination to be profitable elasticity of demand in different sub market will be \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Different
  - (b) Uniform
  - (c) Zero
  - (d) None of these
- 28. Supply Schedule in a purely competitive firm in the short run is determined by :
  - (a) Marginal revenue
  - (b) Average revenue
  - (c) Marginal cost curve
  - (d) None of these
- 29. The Turning point of business cycle is predicted by :
  - (a) Lagging Indictor

- (b) Leading Indicator
- (c) Coincident
- (d) All of the above
- 30. Fluctuation in Economic activities are due to :
  - (a) Change in money supply
  - (b) Profitability
  - (c) Fluctuation in aggregate demand
  - (d) None of these
- 31. Between two perfect substitute the elasticity of Substitution is \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) < Zero
  - (b) >Zero
  - (c) < Infinity
  - (d) Infinity
- 32. Variable that change after real output change are:
  - (a) Leading Indicator
  - (b) Lagging Indicator
  - (c) Concurrent Indicator
  - (d) None of these
- 33. Modern business activities are based on the anticipations of business community and are affected by waves of optimism or pessimism is opined by\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Pigou
  - (b) Keynes
  - (c) Hawtrey
  - (d) None of these
- 34. Businesses whose fortunes are closely linked to the rate of economic growth is referred to as :
  - (a) Cyclical
  - (b) Counter Cyclical
  - (c) Fiscal Policy
  - (d) None of these
- 35. The Concept of Price rigidity in market is explained in which form of market:
  - (a) Monopolistic Market
  - (b) Perfect Competition
  - (c) Oligopoly
  - (d) Monopoly
- 36. Globalization indicate rapid \_\_\_\_ between Countries :
  - (a) Competition
  - (b) Investment
  - (c) Integration

- (d) None of these
- 37. "Supply creates its own demand" statement is given by \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Marshall
  - (b) J B Say
  - (c) Ricardo
  - (d) Kuznets
- 38. According to Hicks and Allen the demand curve slope downwards due to \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Law of diminishing marginal utility
  - (b) Income effect and substitution effect
  - (c) Either (a) or (b)
  - (d) None of these
- 39. A rise in price of a good:
  - (a) Reduce Consumer Surplus
  - (b) Increase in Consumer Surplus
  - (c) It will not change
  - (d) None of these
- 40. When two goods are perfect substitute for each other:
  - (a) Indifference curve for these two goods are straight parallel line with a constant slope along the curve
  - (b) Indifference curve has a constant MRS
  - (c) Concave to the Origin
  - (d) Both (a) and (b)
- 41. Behavior of Supply depends upon:
  - (a) Phenomenon Considered
  - (b) Degree of possible adjustment in supply
  - (c) Time Period under Consideration
  - (d) All the above
- 42. What are the main assumption of Production Function:
  - (a) Relationship between inputs and output exists for a specific period of time
  - (b) There is a given state of the art in production Technology.
  - (c) Input consideration Included in a particular function output resulting from their utilization is at the maximum level.
  - (d) All the above
- 43. A rational producer will always produce in which stage of law of variable proportion:
  - (a) Stage I
  - (b) Stage II
  - (c) Stage III
  - (d) None of these

- 44. The rising part of the long run average cost curve is due to:
  - (a) Increasing return
  - (b) Diseconomies of scale
  - (c) Increase in productivity due to Specialization
  - (d) None of these
- 45. The vertical difference between TVC and TC is \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Total Fixed Cost
  - (b) Marginal Cost
  - (c) Average Variable Cost
  - (d) None of these
- 46. The price elasticity for demand for monopolist's product is :
  - (a) <1
  - (b) >1
  - (c) =0
  - (d) None of these
- 47. What are the determinant of Price elasticity of demand:
  - (a) Time Period
  - (b) Tied Demand
  - (c) Price range
  - (d) All the above
- 48. Contraction of demand is the result of \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Increase in the price of other goods
  - (b) Increase in the price of the good.
  - (c) Decrease in the income of purchases
  - (d) None of these
- 49. Full Capacity is utilized in the which market condition\_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Perfect Competition
  - (b) Monopoly
  - (c) Oligopoly
  - (d) None of these
- 50. If increasing railway fare increases revenue and decreasing then decrease revenue then the demand for railway travel has a price elasticity of \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Greater than 1
  - (b) 1
  - (c) Greater than 0 but less than 1
  - (d) None of these

- 51. Which of the following statements is correct?
  - (a) In a two-good economy, the production possibilities frontier reflects the maximum amount of one good that can be produced when a given amount of the other good is produced.
  - (b) Microeconomics is the study of the behavior of the economy as a whole.
  - (c) Positive economics focuses on welfare of the people of a society
  - (d) None of the above
- 52. Which of the following is not part of the opportunity cost of going on holiday?
  - (a) The money you spent on a theatre show
  - (b) The money you could have made if you had stayed at home and worked
  - (c) The money you spent on airline tickets
  - (d) The money you spent on food
- 53. Net domestic expenditure is consumption expenditure plus \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) Net foreign investment
  - (b) Net foreign investment plus net domestic investment
  - (c) Net domestic investment
  - (d) Replacement expenditure
- 54. 'No matter what the price of coffee is, Ram always spend a total of exactly 100 per week on coffee.' The statement implies that;
  - (a) Ram is very fond coffee and therefore he has an inelastic demand for coffee
  - (b) Ram has elastic demand for coffee
  - (c) Ram's demand for coffee is relatively less elastic
  - (d) Ram's demand for coffee is unit elastic
- 55. After reaching the saturation point, consumption of additional units of the commodity cause:
  - (a) Total utility to fall and marginal utility to increase
  - (b) Total utility and marginal utility both to increase
  - (c) Total utility to full and marginal utility to become negative
  - (d) Total utility to become negative and marginal utility to fall
- 56. The law of variable proportions come into being when \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) There are only two variable factors
  - (b) There is a fixed factor and a variable factor
  - (c) All factors are variable
  - (d) Variable factors yield less.
- 57. Demand for electricity is elastic because \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) It is very expensive
  - (b) It has a number of close substitutes
  - (c) It has alternative uses
  - (d) None of the above

- 58. Elasticity of supply to the degree of responsiveness of supply of a good to changes in its;
  - (a) Demand
  - (b) Price
  - (c) Cost of production
  - (d) State of technology
- 59. Which of the following statements is false in respect of fixed cost of a firm?
  - (a) As the fixed inputs for a firm cannot to changed in the short run, the TFC are constant, except when the prices of the fixed inputs change.
  - (b) TFC continue to exist even when production is stopped in the short run, but they exist in the long run even when production is not stopped.
  - (c) Total Fixed Costs (TFC) can be defined as the total sum of the cost of all the fixed inputs associated with production in the short run.
  - (d) In the short run, a firm's fixed cost cannot be escaped even when production is stopped.
- 60. For a price taking firm:
  - (a) Marginal revenue is less than price
  - (b) Marginal revenue is equal to price
  - (c) Marginal revenue is great than price.
  - (d) The relationship between marginal revenue and price is indeterminate.

# PAPER - 4 PART II: BUSINESS AND COMMERCIAL KNOWLEDGE

### QUESTIONS

Max. Marks: 40

- 61. Which among the following is an attribute of economic activity?
  - (a) They are driven by Altruism
  - (b) They are driven by Rationality
  - (c) They are driven by Sentimental Value Creation
  - (d) They are driven by Emotional Reasons
- 62. X-Mart stocks goods from various sellers in its huge store and charges money to advertise/sell specific products. What can X-Mart be termed as?
  - (a) Market Share
  - (b) Aids to Trade
  - (c) Suppliers
  - (d) Intermediary
- 63. Which limited company has businesses in Hotels, FMCG and Information Technology?
  - (a) Wipro Ltd.
  - (b) ITC Ltd.
  - (c) Bajaj Ltd.
  - (d) Infosys Ltd.
- 64. For a business, Inflation as an indicator of policy shall be most detrimental if?
  - (a) It is Extremely Low
  - (b) It is Extremely high
  - (c) It is Moderate
  - (d) It is Rising
- 65. MRTP Act, 1969 was replaced by?
  - (a) Companies Act, 2013
  - (b) SEBI Act, 1992
  - (c) Competition Act, 2002
  - (d) IRDA Act, 1999
- 66. Responsiveness in demand with changes its price is called?
  - (a) Price Skimming
  - (b) Price Sensitivity
  - (c) Price Elasticity of Demand
  - (d) Price Discrimination
- 67. Perpetual succession benefit is enjoyed by?
  - (a) HUF
  - (b) Company
  - (c) LLP
  - (d) Both Company and LLP

- 68. Environment scanning only helps to get a sense of market landscape. Basis this statement select the correct option.
  - (a) False, as it helps in overall strategic decisions
  - (b) True, as it only identifies opportunities and threats
  - (c) False, as it is only for internal analysis of an organisation
  - (d) True, as it identifies competitors
- 69. Identify the Swiss transnational food and drink company?
  - (a) Larsen & Toubro
  - (b) Walmart
  - (c) Nestle
  - (d) Unilever
- 70. RBI, SEBI, IRDAI are part of which type of government policy?
  - (a) Restrictive Policy
  - (b) Regulatory Policy
  - (c) Protective Policy
  - (d) Facilitative Policy
- 71. NABARD's refinancing is available to all the below except which of the following?
  - (a) State cooperative banks
  - (b) Regional rural banks
  - (c) Commercial banks
  - (d) Private sector banks
- 72. The Profit and Loss account of Ganpati Agarbattis showed that the revenue was exactly equal to the expenditures during the year. This position is termed as?
  - (a) Equilibrium
  - (b) Breakeven Point
  - (c) Double Entry Accounting Balance
  - (d) Elastic Losses
- 73. Maximum number of members in a Private limited company are:
  - (a) 50
  - (b) 200
  - (c) 20
  - (d) 500
- 74. Environmental analysis helps in:
  - (a) Providing input for strategic decision making
  - (b) Turning threats to firm's advantage
  - (c) Anticipate opportunities and to take optimal responses
  - (d) All of the above

- 75. Which one of the following is not a foreign company?
  - (a) Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd.
  - (b) Walmart
  - (c) Nestle
  - (d) HP
- 76. Privatization may not be of conceptualized in form of:
  - (a) Divestment
  - (b) Disinvestment
  - (c) Dedication
  - (d) Displacement
- 77. Which one of the following is not a SEBI function as one body?
  - (a) Quasi-legislative
  - (b) Quasi-judicial
  - (c) Quasi-fiscal
  - (d) Quasi-executive
- 78. ADR stands for:
  - (a) American Deficit Record
  - (b) American Depository Receipt
  - (c) Asset Depreciation Record
  - (d) Asset Depository Receipt
- 79. Which of the following is not true about a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP)?
  - (a) Separate Legal Entity
  - (b) Incorporation not mandatory like normal partnership
  - (c) Designated Partners
  - (d) Hybrid Form of Business Organisation
- 80. Which of the following is not part of internal environment of a business organisation?
  - (a) Labor Unions
  - (b) Corporate Culture
  - (c) Customers
  - (d) Organisational Structure
- 81. Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas owns which of the following?
  - (a) Indian Oil Corporation Ltd.
  - (b) GAIL Ltd.
  - (c) Bharat Petroleum
  - (d) Reliance Industries Ltd.
- 82. Foreign brands were welcomed in India and were also allowed to use their foreign brand name. Which of the following does use of foreign brand name relate to?
  - (a) Globalisation

- (b) Privatisation
- (c) Liberalisation
- (d) Autonomy of Economy
- 83. Under which section of IRDAI Act can IRDAI function and impart its duties?
  - (a) Section 11 of IRDAI Act, 1999
  - (b) Section 21 of IRDAI Act, 1999
  - (c) Section 19 of IRDAI Act, 1999
  - (d) Section 14 of IRDAI Act, 1999
- 84. A company is said to undergo \_\_\_\_\_ when its assets are sold off piecemeal rather than one single operating entity?
  - (a) Acquisition
  - (b) Merger
  - (c) Liquidation
  - (d) Sale off
- 85. Marketing, Finance, Operations, Human Behaviour, Law and Policy, Economics, all together derive BCK. What does it tell us about BCK's domains?
  - (a) BCK is Vast
  - (b) BCK is Expanding
  - (c) BCK is Eclectic
  - (d) BCK is Vague
- 86. Gain for one is a loss for someone else this concept can be understood by which of the characteristics of Business Environment?
  - (a) It is Dynamic
  - (b) It has far reaching impact
  - (c) It is multi-faceted
  - (d) It is complex
- 87. Bank of Madura was acquired by which of these?
  - (a) ICICI Bank Ltd
  - (b) State Bank of India
  - (c) Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC)
  - (d) HDFC Bank Ltd
- 88. Policy Context has a core motive behind it, which is?
  - (a) Economic Welfare
  - (b) GDP Growth
  - (c) Holistic Development
  - (d) Social Welfare
- 89. Which of the following is not a function of RBI?
  - (a) Promotion of Banking
  - (b) Collection of Foreign Institutional Data

- (c) Banker to Government
- (d) Funding NABARD
- 90. Highest Price the buyer is willing to pay is called?
  - (a) Bid
  - (b) Ask
  - (c) Badla
  - (d) Beta
- 91. Stakeholders includes all of the below except which?
  - (a) Policy makers
  - (b) Investors
  - (c) Competitors
  - (d) Promoters
- 92. The corporate pressure to increase and improve diversity in the country's workforce is an area of study for the consumer businesses affecting which element of the environment?
  - (a) Demographic Environment
  - (b) Political-Legal Environment
  - (c) Socio-cultural Environment
  - (d) Cultural Environment
- 93. Specified areas where government supports business to enhance development and increase employment are called?
  - (a) SEZ Specified Economic Zone
  - (b) DTA Domestic Tariff Area
  - (c) SEZ Special Economic Zone
  - (d) FTWZ Free Trade and Warehousing Zone
- 94. Goods and Service Tax (GST), is a form of?
  - (a) International Trade Policy
  - (b) Inclusive Policy
  - (c) Policy Reform
  - (d) Public Welfare Scheme
- 95. Which of the following does SEBI not cater to?
  - (a) Government Organizations
  - (b) Investors
  - (c) Intermediaries
  - (d) Security Issuing Companies
- 96. Token money paid in the early stages of Negotiation is called?
  - (a) Early Money Deposit
  - (b) Earning Money Deposit
  - (c) Token E-Cash

- (d) Earnest Money Deposit
- 97. Which of the following is a not a part of BCK lexicon?
  - (a) Y2Z
  - (b) B2B
  - (c) B2C
  - (d) 24\*7
- 98. Bears are the stock market players that have -----expectations.
  - (a) Realistic
  - (b) Positive
  - (c) Optimistic
  - (d) Pessimistic
- 99. Which of the following is not a form of privatization?
  - (a) Delegation
  - (b) Divestment
  - (c) Departmentalization
  - (d) Disinvestment
- 100. In the first four decades post independence, for fuelling of Industrial development, special purpose financial institutions were created. These institutions were called
  - (a) Commercial Banks
  - (b) Development Banks
  - (c) Regional Rural Banks
  - (d) Small Finance Banks