## PAPER – 5: ADVANCED ACCOUNTING

*Question No.**1** is compulsory.*

*Candidates are also required to answer any **four** questions from the remaining **five** questions.*

*Working notes should form part of the respective answers.*

*Wherever necessary, candidates are permitted to make suitable assumptions which should be disclosed by way of a note.*

**Question 1**

*(a) Sarita Construction Co. obtained a contract for construction of a dam. The following details are available in records of company for the year ended 31st March, 2018:*

| | ***₹ In Lakhs*** |
|---|---|
| *Total Contract Price* | *12,000* |
| *Work Certified* | *6,250* |
| *Work not certified* | *1,250* |
| *Estimated further cost to completion* | *8,750* |
| *Progress payment received* | *5,500* |
| *Progress payment to be received* | *1,500* |

*Applying the provisions of Accounting Standard 7 "Accounting for Construction Contracts" you are required to compute:*

*(i) Profit/Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2018.*

*(ii) Contract work in progress as at end of financial year 2017-18.*

*(iii) Revenue to be recognized out of the total contract value.*

*(iv) Amount due from/to customers as at the year end.*

*(b) As at 1st April, 2016 a company had 6,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each (₹ 5 paid up by all shareholders). On 1st September, 2016 the remaining ₹ 5 was called up and paid by all shareholders except one shareholder having 60,000 equity shares. The net profit for the year ended 31st March, 2017 was ₹ 21,96,000 after considering dividend on preference shares and dividend distribution tax on such dividend totalling to ₹ 3,40,000.*

*Compute Basic EPS for the year ended 31st March, 2017 as per Accounting Standard 20 "Earnings Per Share".*

*(c) A company acquired a patent at a cost of ₹ 160 lakhs for a period of 5 years and the product life cycle is also 5 years. The company capitalized the cost and started amortising the asset at ₹ 16 lakhs per year based on the economic benefits derived from the product manufactured under the patent. After 2 years it was found that the product life cycle may*

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*continue for another 5 years from then (the patent is renewable and the company can get it renewed after 5 years). The net cash flows from the product during these 5 years were expected to be ₹ 50 lakhs, ₹ 30 lakhs, ₹ 60 lakhs, ₹ 70 lakhs and ₹ 40 lakhs. Find out the amortization cost of the patent for each of the years.*

*(d) A Ltd. sold JCB having WDV of ₹ 20 lakhs to B Ltd. for ₹ 24 lakhs and the same JCB was leased back by B Ltd. to A Ltd. The lease is operating lease. In context of Accounting Standard 19 "Leases" explain the accounting treatment of profit or loss in the books of A Ltd. if*

*(i) Sale price of ₹ 24 lakhs is equal to fair value.*

*(ii) Fair value is ₹ 20 lakhs and sale price is ₹ 24 lakhs.*

*(iii) Fair value is ₹ 22 lakhs and sale price is ₹ 25 lakhs.*

*(v) Fair value is ₹ 25 lakhs and sale price is ₹ 18 lakhs.*

*(v) Fair value is ₹ 18 lakhs and sale price is ₹ 19 lakhs.* ***(4 Parts x 5 Marks = 20 Marks)***

**Answer**

**(a)**

| (i) | **Loss for the year ended, 31st March, 2018** | ***(₹ in lakhs)*** |
|---|---|---|
| | Amount of foreseeable loss | |
| | Total cost of construction (6,250 + 1,250 + 8,750) | 16,250 |
| | *Less*: Total contract price | (12,000) |
| | Total foreseeable loss to be recognised as expense | 4,250 |

According to AS 7, when it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss should be recognised as an expense immediately.

Loss for the year ended, 31st March, 2018 amounting ₹ 4,250 will be recognized.

| (ii) | **Contract work-in-progress as on 31.3.18** | ***(₹ in lakhs)*** |
|---|---|---|
| | Contract work-in-progress i.e. cost incurred to date are ₹ 7,500 lakhs: | |
| | Work certified | 6,250 |
| | Work not certified | 1,250 |
| | | 7,500 |

**(iii) Proportion of total contract value recognised as revenue**

Cost incurred till 31.3.18 is 46.15% (7,500/16,250 × 100) of total costs of construction.

Proportion of total contract value recognised as revenue:

46.15% of ₹ 12,000 lakhs = ₹ 5,538 lakhs

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**(iv) Amount due from/to customers at year end**

(Contract costs + Recognised profits – Recognised Losses) – (Progress payments received + Progress payments to be received)

= (7,500 + Nil – 4,250) – (5,500 + 1,500) ₹ in lakhs

= [3,250 – 7,000] ₹ in lakhs

Amount due to customers = ₹ 3,750 lakhs

**(b) Basic Earnings per share (EPS) =**

$$\frac{\text{Net profit attributable to equity shareholders}}{\text{Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year}}$$

$$= \frac{21,96,000}{4,57,500 \text{ Shares (as per working note)}} = ₹ 4.80 \text{ per share}$$

**Working Note:**

**Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares**

As per AS 20 'Earnings Per Share', partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of equity share to the extent that they were entitled to participate in dividend relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. Assuming that the partly paid shares are entitled to participate in the dividend to the extent of amount paid, weighted average number of shares will be calculated as follows:

| *Date* | *No. of equity shares* | *Amount paid per share* | *Weighted average no. of equity shares* |
|---|---|---|---|
| | ₹ | ₹ | ₹ |
| 1.4.2016 | 6,00,000 | 5 | 6,00,000 x 5/10 x 5/12 = 1,25,000 |
| 1.9.2016 | 5,40,000 | 10 | 5,40,000 x 7/12 = 3,15,000 |
| 1.9.2016 | 60,000 | 5 | 60,000 x 5/10 x 7/12 = 17,500 |
| Total weighted average equity shares | | | 4,57,500 |

**(c)** Company amortized ₹ 16,00,000 per annum for the first two years. Hence, Amortization for the first two years (₹ 16,00,000 X 2) = ₹ 32,00,000.

Remaining carrying cost after two years =₹ 1,60,00,000 – ₹ 32,00,000

= ₹ 1,28,00,000

Since after two years it was found that the product life cycle may continue for another 5 years, hence the remaining carrying cost ₹128 lakhs will be amortized during next 5 years in the ratio of net cash arising from the sale of the products of Fast Limited.

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The amortization cost of the patents may be computed as follows:

| *Year* | *Net cash flows* ₹ | *Amortization Ratio* | *Amortization Amount* ₹ |
|---|---|---|---|
| I | - | 0.1 | 16,00,000 |
| II | - | 0.1 | 16,00,000 |
| III | 50,00,000 | 0.2 | 25,60,000 |
| IV | 30,00,000 | 0.12 | 15,36,000 |
| V | 60,00,000 | 0.24 | 30,72,000 |
| VI | 70,00,000 | 0.28 | 35,84,000 |
| VII | 40,00,000 | 0.16 | 20,48,000 |
| Total | 250,00,000 | 1.000 | 160,00,000 |

**(d)** Following will be the treatment in the given cases:

(i) When sale price of ₹ 24 lakhs is equal to fair value, A Ltd. should immediately recognise the profit of ₹4 lakhs (i.e. 24 – 20) in its books.

(ii) When fair value is ₹ 20 lakhs & sale price is ₹ 24 lakhs then profit of ₹ 4 lakhs is to be deferred and amortised over the lease period.

(iii) When fair value is ₹ 22 lakhs & sale price is ₹ 25 lakhs, profit of ₹ 2 lakhs (22 - 20) to be immediately recognised in its books and balance profit of ₹3 lakhs (25-22) is to be amortised/deferred over lease period.

(iv) When fair value of leased machinery is ₹ 25 lakhs & sale price is ₹ 18 lakhs, then loss of ₹ 2 lakhs (20 – 18) to be immediately recognised by A Ltd. in its books provided loss is not compensated by future lease payment.

(v) When fair value is ₹ 18 lakhs & sale price is ₹ 19 lakhs, then the loss of ₹ 2 lakhs (20-18) to be immediately recognised by A Ltd. in its books and profit of ₹ 1 lakhs (19-18) should be amortised/deferred over lease period.

**Question 2**

*(a) Alpha Ltd. furnishes the following summarized Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017:*

| | *₹ In lakhs* | *₹ In lakhs* |
|---|---|---|
| ***Equity & Liabilities*** | | |
| ***Shareholders' Funds*** | | |
| *Equity share capital (fully paid up shares of ₹ 10 each)* | | *2,400* |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Reserves and Surplus* | | |
| *Securities Premium* | *350* | |
| *General Reserve* | *530* | |
| *Capital Redemption Reserve* | *400* | |
| *Profit & Loss Account* | *340* | *1,620* |
| ***Non-current Liabilities*** | | |
| *12% Debentures* | | *1,500* |
| ***Current Liabilities*** | | |
| *Trade Payables* | *1,490* | |
| *Other Current Liabilities* | *390* | *1,880* |
| ***Total*** | | *7,400* |
| ***Assets*** | | |
| ***Non-current Assets*** | | |
| *Fixed Assets* | | *4,052* |
| ***Current Assets*** | | |
| *Current Investments* | *148* | |
| *Inventories* | *1,200* | |
| *Trade Receivables* | *520* | |
| *Cash and Bank* | *1,480* | *3,348* |
| ***Total*** | | *7,400* |

*(i) On 1st April, 2017, the company announced buy-back of 25% of its equity shares @ ₹ 15 per share. For this purpose, it sold all its investment for ₹ 150 lakhs.*

*(ii) On 10th April, 2017 the company achieved the target of buy-back.*

*(iii) On 30th April, 2017, the company issued one fully paid up equity share of ₹ 10 each by way of bonus for every four equity shares held by the equity shareholders by capitalization of Capital Redemption Reserve.*

*You are required to pass necessary journal entries and prepare the Balance Sheet of Alpha Ltd. after bonus issue.* ***(10 Marks)***

*(b) Fast Ltd. came up with public issue of 6,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at par. The entire issue was underwritten by A, Band C as follows:*

*A - 3,60,000 shares B - 1,50,000 shares C - 90,000 shares*

*A, B and C also agreed on firm underwriting of 48,000; 18,000 and 60,000 shares respectively.*

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*Total subscription received by the company (excluding firm underwriting and marked applications) were 90,000 shares.*

*The marked applications (excluding firm underwriting) were as follows:*

*A -1,18,500 shares B - 58,000 shares C - 33,500 shares*

*The underwriting contract provides that credit for unmarked application be given to underwriters in proportion to the shares underwritten and benefit of firm underwriting is to be given to individual underwriters.*

*The agreed commission was 4% of the issue price.*

*You are required to:*

*(i) Calculate the liability of each underwriter (number of shares).*

*(ii) Compute the amounts payable or due from underwriters.*

*(iii) Pass Journal Entries in the books of the company relating to underwriting.* ***(10 Marks)***

**Answer**

**(a) In the books of Alpha Limited**

**Journal Entries**

| *Date 2017* | *Particulars* | | *Dr.* | *Cr.* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | *(₹ in lakhs)* | |
| April 1 | Bank A/c | Dr. | 150 | |
| | To Investment A/c | | | 148 |
| | To Profit on sale of investment | | | 2 |
| | (Being investment sold on profit) | | | |
| April 10 | Equity share capital A/c | Dr. | 600 | |
| | Securities premium A/c | Dr. | 300 | |
| | To Equity shares buy back A/c | | | 900 |
| | (Being the amount due to equity shareholders on buy back) | | | |
| | Equity shares buy back A/c | Dr. | 900 | |
| | To Bank A/c | | | 900 |
| | (Being the payment made on account of buy back of 60 Lakh Equity Shares) | | | |
| April 10 | General reserve A/c | Dr. | 530 | |
| | Profit and Loss A/c | Dr. | 70 | |
| | To Capital redemption reserve (CRR) A/c | | | 600 |

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | (Being amount equal to nominal value of buy back shares from free reserves transferred to capital redemption reserve account as per the law) | | |
| April 30 | Capital redemption reserve A/c Dr. | 450 | |
| | To Bonus shares A/c (W.N.1) | | 450 |
| | (Being the utilization of capital redemption reserve to issue bonus shares) | | |
| | Bonus shares A/c Dr. | 450 | |
| | To Equity share capital A/c | | 450 |
| | (Being issue of one bonus equity share for every four equity shares held) | | |
| | Profit on sale of Investment Dr. | 2 | |
| | To Profit and Loss A/c | | 2 |
| | (Profit on sale transfer to Profit and Loss A/c) | | |

**Note:** For transferring amount equal to nominal value of buy back shares from free reserves to capital redemption reserve account, the amount of ₹ 340 lakhs from P & L A/c and the balance from general reserve may also be utilized. The combination of different set of amounts (from General Reserve and Profit and Loss Account) aggregating ₹ 600 lakhs may also be considered for the purpose of transfer to CRR.

**Balance Sheet (After buy back and issue of bonus shares)**

| ***Particulars*** | ***Note No*** | ***Amount (₹ in Lakhs)*** |
|---|---|---|
| I. Equity and Liabilities | | |
| (1) Shareholder's Funds | | |
| (a) Share Capital | 1 | 2,250 |
| (b) Reserves and Surplus | 2 | 872 |
| (2) Non-Current Liabilities | | |
| (a) Long-term borrowings - 12% Debentures | | 1,500 |
| (3) Current Liabilities | | |
| (a) Trade payables | | 1,490 |
| (b) Other current liabilities | | 390 |
| Total | | 6,502 |
| II. Assets | | |
| (1) Non-current assets | | |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *(a) Fixed assets* | | |
| (i) Tangible assets | | 4,052 |
| (2) Current assets | | |
| (a) Current investments | | |
| (b) Inventory | | 1,200 |
| (c) Trade receivables | | 520 |
| (d) Cash and cash equivalents (W.N. 2) | | 730 |
| Total | | 6,502 |

**Notes to Accounts**

| | | | | ₹ In lakhs |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Share Capital | | | |
| | Equity share capital (225 lakh fully paid up shares of ₹ 10 each) | | | 2,250 |
| 2. | Reserves and Surplus | | | |
| | General Reserve | 530 | | |
| | *Less*: Transfer to CRR | (530) | - | |
| | Capital Redemption Reserve | 400 | | |
| | *Add*: Transfer due to buy-back of shares from P/L | 70 | | |
| | *Add*: Transfer due to buy-back of shares from Gen. res. | 530 | | |
| | *Less*: Utilisation for issue of bonus shares | (450) | 550 | |
| | Securities premium | 350 | | |
| | *Less*: Adjustment for premium paid on buy back | (300) | 50 | |
| | Profit & Loss A/c | 340 | | |
| | Add: Profit on sale of investment | 2 | | |
| | *Less*: Transfer to CRR | (70) | 272 | 872 |

**Working Notes:**

1. **Amount of equity share capital** = 2,400 - 600 (buyback) + 450 (Bonus shares)
   = 2,250

2. **Cash at bank after issue of bonus shares**

| | ***₹ in lakhs*** |
|---|---|
| Cash balance as on 1st April, 2017 | 1480 |

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| | |
|---|---|
| *Add:* Sale of investments | 150 |
| | 1630 |
| *Less:* Payment for buy back of shares | (900) |
| | 730 |

**(b) (i) Computation of total liability of underwriters in shares**

| | *(In shares)* | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A | B | C | *Total* |
| Gross liability | 3,60,000 | 1,50,000 | 90,000 | 6,00,000 |
| *Less:* Marked applications (excluding firm underwriting) | (1,18,500) | (58,000) | (33,500) | (2,10,000) |
| | 2,41,500 | 92,000 | 56,500 | 3,90,000 |
| *Less:* Unmarked applications in the ratio of gross liabilities of 12:5:3 (excluding firm underwriting) | (54,000) | (22,500) | (13,500) | (90,000) |
| | 1,87,500 | 69,500 | 43,000 | 3,00,000 |
| *Less*: Firm underwriting | (48,000) | (18,000) | (60,000) | (1,26,000) |
| | 1,39,500 | 51,500 | (17,000) | 1,74,000 |
| *Less*: Surplus of C shared by A & B in 12:5 | (12,000) | (5,000) | 17,000 | |
| Net liability | 1,27,500 | 46,500 | - | 1,74,000 |
| *Add:* Firm underwriting | 48,000 | 18,000 | 60,000 | 1,26,000 |
| **Total liability** | 1,75,500 | 64,500 | 60,000 | 3,00,000 |

**(ii) Calculation of amount payable to or due from underwriters**

| | *A* | *B* | *C* | *Total* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total Liability in shares | 1,75,500 | 64,500 | 60,000 | 3,00,000 |
| Amount receivable @ ₹ 10 from underwriter (in ₹) | 17,55,000 | 6,45,000 | 6,00,000 | 30,00,000 |
| *Less:* underwriting commission (4%) | (1,44,000) | (60,000) | (36,000) | (2,40,000) |
| Net amount receivable | 16,11,000 | 5,85,000 | 5,64,000 | 27,60,000 |

**(iii) Journal Entries in the books of the company (relating to underwriting)**

| | | | *₹* | *₹* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | A | Dr. | 17,55,000 | |

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| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | B | Dr. | 6,45,000 | |
| | C | Dr. | 6,00,000 | |
| | To Equity Share Capital A/c | | | 30,00,000 |
| | (Being allotment of shares to underwriters) | | | |
| 2. | Underwriting commission | Dr. | 2,40,000 | |
| | To A | | | 1,44,000 |
| | To B | | | 60,000 |
| | To C | | | 36,000 |
| | (Being amount of underwriting commission payable) | | | |
| 3. | Bank A/c* | Dr. | 27,60,000 | |
| | To A | | | 16,11,000 |
| | To B | | | 5,85,000 |
| | To C | | | 5,64,000 |
| | (Being net amount received from underwriters for shares allotted less underwriting commission) | | | |

** Considering that the underwriters paid the amounts due.*

**Question 3**

*The financial position of X Ltd. and Y Ltd. as on 31st March, 2018 was as under:*

| | ***X Ltd. (₹)*** | ***Y Ltd. (₹)*** |
|---|---|---|
| ***Equity and Liabilities*** | | |
| *Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each* | *30,00,000* | *9,00,000* |
| *9% Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each* | *3,00,000* | *-* |
| *10% Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each* | *-* | *3,00,000* |
| *General Reserve* | *2,10,000* | *2,10,000* |
| *Retirement Gratuity Fund (long term)* | *1,50,000* | *60,000* |
| *Trade Payables* | *3,90,000* | *2,40,000* |
| *Total* | *40,50,000* | *17,10,000* |
| ***Assets*** | | |
| *Goodwill* | *1,50,000* | *75,000* |
| *Land & Buildings* | *9,00,000* | *3,00,000* |
| *Plant & Machinery* | *15,00,000* | *4,50,000* |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Inventories* | *7,50,000* | *5,25,000* |
| *Trade Receivables* | *6,00,000* | *3,00,000* |
| *Cash and Bank* | *1,50,000* | *60,000* |
| *Total* | *40,50,000* | *17,10,000* |

*X Ltd. absorbs Y Ltd. on the following terms:*

*(i) 10% Preference Shareholders are to be paid at 10% premium by issue of 9% Preference Shares of X Ltd.*

*(ii) Goodwill of Y Ltd. on absorption is to be computed based on two times of average profits of preceding three financial years (2016-17 : ₹ 90,000; 2015-16 : ₹ 78,000 and 2014-15: ₹ 72,000). The profits of 2014 -15 included credit of an insurance claim of ₹ 25,000 (fire occurred in 2013-14 and loss by fire ₹ 30,000 was booked in Profit and Loss Account of that year). In the year 2015 -16, there was an embezzlement of cash by an employee amounting to ₹ 10,000.*

*(iii) Land & Buildings are valued at ₹ 5,00,000 and the Plant & Machinery at ₹ 4,00,000.*

*(iv) Inventories are to be taken over at 10% less value and Provision for Doubtful Debts is to be created @ 2.5%.*

*(v) There was an unrecorded current asset in the books of Y Ltd. whose fair value amounted to ₹ 15,000 and such asset was also taken over by X Ltd.*

*(vi) The trade payables of Y Ltd. included ₹ 20,000 payable to X Ltd.*

*(vii) Equity Shareholders of Y Ltd. will be issued Equity Shares @ 5% premium.*

*You are required to*

*(i) Prepare Realisation A/c in the books of Y Ltd.*

*(ii) Show journal entries in the books of X Ltd.*

*(iii) Prepare the Balance Sheet of X Ltd. after absorption as at 31st March,2018.* ***(20 Marks)***

**Answer**

**In the Books of Y Ltd.**
**Realisation Account**

| | | ₹ | | ₹ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| To Sundry Assets : | | | By Retirement Gratuity Fund | 60,000 |
| Goodwill | 75,000 | | | |

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| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Land & Building | 3,00,000 | | By | Trade payables | 2,40,000 |
| | Plant & Machinery | 4,50,000 | | By | X Ltd. (Purchase | 15,90,000 |
| | Inventory | 5,25,000 | | | Consideration) | |
| | Trade receivables | 3,00,000 | | | | |
| | Bank | 60,000 | 17,10,000 | | | |
| To | Preference Shareholders | | 30,000 | | | |
| | (Premium on Redemption) | | | | | |
| To | Equity Shareholders | | | | | |
| | (Profit on Realisation) | | 1,50,000 | | | |
| | | | 18,90,000 | | | 18,90,000 |

**In the Books of X Ltd.**
**Journal Entries**

| | | *Dr.* | *Cr.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | ₹ | ₹ |
| Business Purchase A/c | Dr. | 15,90,000 | |
| To Liquidators of Y Ltd. Account | | | 15,90,000 |
| (Being business of Y Ltd. taken over) | | | |
| Goodwill Account | Dr. | 1,50,000 | |
| Land & Building Account | Dr. | 5,00,000 | |
| Plant & Machinery Account | Dr. | 4,00,000 | |
| Inventory Account | Dr. | 4,72,500 | |
| Trade receivables Account | Dr. | 3,00,000 | |
| Bank Account | Dr. | 60,000 | |
| Unrecorded assets Account | Dr. | 15,000 | |
| To Retirement Gratuity Fund Account | | | 60,000 |
| To Trade payables Account | | | 2,40,000 |
| To Provision for Doubtful Debts Account | | | 7,500 |
| To Business Purchase A/c | | | 15,90,000 |
| (Being Assets and Liabilities taken over as per agreed valuation). | | | |
| Liquidators of Y Ltd. A/c | Dr. | 15,90,000 | |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To 9% Preference Share Capital A/c | | 3,30,000 |
| To Equity Share Capital A/c | | 12,00,000 |
| To Securities Premium A/c | | 60,000 |
| (Being Purchase Consideration satisfied as above). | | |

**Balance Sheet of X Ltd. (after absorption)**
**as at 31st March, 2018**

| | | Particulars | Notes | ₹ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **Equity and Liabilities** | | |
| 1 | | Shareholders' funds | | |
| | A | Share capital | 1 | 48,30,000 |
| | B | Reserves and Surplus | 2 | 2,70,000 |
| **2** | | **Non-current liabilities** | | |
| | A | Long-term provisions | 3 | 2,10,000 |
| **3** | | **Current liabilities** | | |
| | A | Trade Payables | 4 | 6,10,000 |
| | B | Short term provision | 5 | 7,500 |
| | | Total | | 59,27,500 |
| | | **Assets** | | |
| **1** | | **Non-current assets** | | |
| | A | Fixed assets | | |
| | | Tangible assets | 6 | 33,00,000 |
| | | Intangible assets | 7 | 3,00,000 |
| **2** | | **Current assets** | | |
| | A | Inventories | 8 | 12,22,500 |
| | B | Trade receivables | 9 | 8,80,000 |
| | C | Other current Assets | 10 | 15,000 |
| | D | Cash and cash equivalents | 11 | 2,10,000 |
| | | Total | | 59,27,500 |

**Notes to accounts**

| | | ₹ |
|---|---|---|
| **1** | **Share Capital** | |
| | Equity share capital | |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | 4,20,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid (Out of above 1,20,000 Equity Shares were issued in consideration other than for cash) | 42,00,000 |
| | Preference share capital | |
| | 6,300 9% Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each (Out of above 3,300 Preference Shares were issued in consideration other than for cash) | 6,30,000 |
| | Total | 48,30,000 |
| **2** | **Reserves and Surplus** | |
| | Securities Premium | 60,000 |
| | General Reserve | 2,10,000 |
| | Total | 2,70,000 |
| **3** | **Long-term provisions** | |
| | Retirement Gratuity fund | 2,10,000 |
| 4 | **Trade payables** (3,90,000 + 2,40,000 - 20,000*) | |
| | * *Mutual Owings eliminated.* | 6,10,000 |
| **5** | **Short term Provisions** | |
| | Provision for Doubtful Debts | 7,500 |
| **6** | **Tangible assets** | |
| | Land & Buildings | 14,00,000 |
| | Plant & Machinery | 19,00,000 |
| | Total | 33,00,000 |
| **7** | **Intangible assets** | |
| | Goodwill (1,50,000 +1,50,000) | 3,00,000 |
| **8** | **Inventories** (7,50,000 + 4,72,500) | 12,22,500 |
| **9** | **Trade receivables** (6,00,000 + 3,00,000 - 20,000) | 8,80,000 |
| **10** | **Other current Assets** | 15,000 |
| **11** | **Cash and cash equivalents** (1,50,000 +60,000) | 2,10,000 |

**Working Notes:**

**1. Computation of goodwill**

| | ₹ |
|---|---|
| Profit of 2016-17 | 90,000 |
| Profit of 2015-16 adjusted ₹ 78,000 + 10,000) | 88,000 |

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| | |
|---|---|
| Profit of 2014-15 adjusted (₹ 72,000 – 25,000) | 47,000 |
| | 2,25,000 |
| Average profit | 75,000 |

Goodwill to be valued at 2 times of average profits = ₹ 75,000 x 2 = ₹ 1,50,000

**2.**

| **Purchase Consideration:** | | **₹** |
|---|---|---|
| Goodwill | | 1,50,000 |
| Land & Building | | 5,00,000 |
| Plant & Machinery | | 4,00,000 |
| Inventory | | 4,72,500 |
| Trade receivables | | 3,00,000 |
| Unrecorded assets | | 15,000 |
| Cash at Bank | | 60,000 |
| | | 18,97,500 |
| *Less*: Liabilities: | | |
| Retirement Gratuity | 60,000 | |
| Trade payables | 2,40,000 | |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 7,500 | (3,07,500) |
| Net Assets/ Purchase Consideration | | 15,90,000 |
| To be satisfied as under: | | |
| 10% Preference Shareholders of Y Ltd. | | 3,00,000 |
| *Add*: 10% Premium | | 30,000 |
| 9% Preference Shares of X Ltd. | | 3,30,000 |
| Equity Shareholders of Y Ltd. to be satisfied by issue of 1,20,000 equity Shares of X Ltd. at 5% Premium | | 12,60,000 |
| Total | | **15,90,000** |

**Question 4**

*(a) Astha Bank has the following Capital Funds and Assets as at 31st March, 2018:*

| | ***₹ in crores*** |
|---|---|
| ***Capital Funds:*** | |
| *Equity Share Capital* | *600.00* |

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| | |
|---|---|
| *Statutory Reserve* | *470.00* |
| *Profit and Loss Account (Dr. Balance)* | *30.00* |
| *Capital Reserve (out of which ₹ 25 crores were due to revaluation of assets and balance due to sale of assets)* | *130.00* |
| ***Assets:*** | |
| *Balance with other banks* | *15.00* |
| *Cash balance with RBI* | *35.50* |
| *Claim on Banks* | *52.50* |
| *Other Investments* | *70.00* |
| *Loans and Advances:* | |
| *(i) Guaranteed by government* | *22.50* |
| *(ii) Guaranteed by DICGC/ECGC* | *110.00* |
| *(iii) Other* | *9,365.00* |
| *Premises, furniture and fixtures* | *92.50* |
| *Leased assets* | *40.00* |
| *Off- Balance Sheet items:* | |
| *(i) Acceptances, endorsements and letters of credit* | *1,100.00* |
| *(ii) Guarantees and other obligations* | *6,200.00* |

*You are required to:*

*(i) Segregate the capital funds into Tier I and Tier II capitals.*

*(ii) Find out the risk-adjusted assets and risk weighted assets ratio.* ***(10 Marks)***

*(b) Preeti has invested in three mutual funds. From the details given below, find out effective yield on per annum basis to Preeti in respect of each of the schemes upto 31st March, 2017:*

| ***Mutual Fund*** | ***X*** | ***Y*** | ***Z*** |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Date of Investment* | *1.12.2016* | *01-01-2017* | *01-03-2017* |
| *Amount of Investment (₹)* | *2,50,000* | *3,00,000* | *1,50,000* |
| *NAV at the date of investment (₹)* | *10.00* | *10.50* | *10.00* |
| *Dividend received upto 31st March, 2017 (₹)* | *4,500* | *5,700* | *Nil* |
| *NAV as at 31st March, 2017 (₹)* | *10.10* | *10.40* | *9.80* |

***(5 Marks)***

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*(c) ABC Financiers Ltd. is an NBFC providing Hire Purchase Solutions for acquiring consumer durables. The following information is extracted from its books for the year ending 31st March, 2017:*

| | *Interest Overdue but recognised in Profit & Loss* | | *Net book value of Assets outstanding* |
|---|---|---|---|
| ***Assets Funded*** | ***Paid Overdue*** | ***Interest (₹ In lakhs)*** | ***(₹ In lakhs)*** |
| *Computers* | *Upto 12 months* | *960.00* | *40,812.00* |
| *Televisions* | *For 20 months* | *205.00* | *4,950.00* |
| *Washing Machines* | *For 32 months* | *104.20* | *2,530.00* |
| *Refrigerators* | *For 45 months* | *53.50* | *1328.00* |
| *Air-conditioners* | *For 52 months* | *13.85* | *305.00* |

*You are required to calculate the amount of provision to be made.* ***(5 Marks)***

**Answer**

**(a) (i) Capital Funds –**

| **Tier I :** | ***₹ in crore*** |
|---|---|
| Equity Share Capital | 600 |
| Statutory Reserve | 470 |
| Capital Reserve (arising out of sale of assets) | 105 |
| Less: Profit & Loss (Dr. bal.) | (30) |
| | 1,145 |
| **Capital Funds - Tier II :** | |
| Capital Reserve (arising out of revaluation of assets) | 25 |
| Less: Discount to the extent of 55% | (13.75) |
| | 11.25 |

**(ii) Risk Adjusted Assets**

| **Funded Risk Assets** | **₹ in crore** | **Percentage weight** | **Amount ₹ in crore** |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cash Balance with RBI | 35.50 | 0 | — |
| Balances with other Banks | 15 | 20 | 3 |
| Claims on banks | 52.50 | 20 | 10.50 |
| Other Investments | 70 | 100 | 70 |
| Loans and Advances: | | | |
| (i) guaranteed by government | 22.50 | 0 | — |
| (ii) guaranteed by DICGC/ECGC | 110 | 50 | 55 |

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| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| (iii) | Others | 9,365 | 100 | 9,365 |
| | Premises, furniture and fixtures | 92.50 | 100 | 92.50 |
| | Leased Assets | 40 | 100 | 40 |
| | | | | 9,636 |

| *Off-Balance Sheet Item* | | *₹ in Crore* | *Credit Conversion Factor* | *₹ In Crore* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | Acceptances, Endorsements and Letters of credit | 1,100 | 100 | 1,100 |
| (ii) | Guarantees and other obligations | 6,200 | 100 | 6,200 |
| | | | | 7,300 |

**Risk Weighted Assets Ratio:** $\frac{\text{Capital Funds (Tier I \& Tier II)}}{\text{Risk Adjusted Assets} + \text{off Balance sheet items}} \times 100$

= (1,145 +11.25)/ (9,636 +7,300)

= (1,156.25 /16,936) x 100 = 6.83% (rounded off)

**(b) Calculation of effective yield on per annum basis in respect of three mutual fund schemes of Preeti upto 31.03.2017**

| | | X | Y | Z |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Amount of Investment (₹) | 2,50,000 | 3,00,000 | 1,50,000 |
| 2 | Date of investment | 1.12.2016 | 1.1.2017 | 1.3.2017 |
| 3 | NAV at the date of investment (₹) | 10.00 | 10.50 | 10.00 |
| 4 | No. of units on date of investment [1/3] | 25,000 | 28,571.43 | 15,000 |
| 5 | NAV per unit on 31.03.2017 (₹) | 10.10 | 10.40 | 9.80 |
| 6 | Total NAV of mutual fund investments on 31.03.2017 [4 x 5] | 2,52,500 | 2,97,143 | 1,47,000 |
| 7 | Increase/ decrease of NAV [6-1] | 2,500 | (2,857) | (3,000) |
| 8 | Dividend received up to 31.3.2017 | 4,500 | 5,700 | Nil |
| 9 | Total yield [7+8] | 7,000 | 2,843 | (3,000) |
| 10 | Yield % [9/1] x 100 | 2.80% | 0.95% | (2%) |
| 11 | Number of days | 121 | 90 | 31 |
| 12 | Effective yield p.a. [10/11] x 365 days | 8.45% | 3.85% | (23.55%) |

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**(c) Amount of provision to be made is as under:**

| *Asset Funded* | | | *(₹ in crore)* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Computers | (a) Where hire charges are overdue upto 12 months | Nil | - |
| Televisions | (b) Where hire charges are overdue for more than 12 months but upto 24 months | 10% of the net book value<br>10% x 4,950 | 495 |
| Washing Machines | (c) Where hire charges are overdue for more than 24 months but upto 36 months | 40 percent of the net book value<br>40% x 2,530 | 1,012 |
| Refrigerators | (d) Where hire charges or lease rentals are overdue for more than 36 months but upto 48 months | 70 percent of the net book value<br>70% x 1,328 | 929.60 |
| Air Conditioners | (e) where hire charges or lease rentals are overdue for more than 48 months | 100 percent of the net book value<br>305 x 100% | 305 |
| | | Total | 2,741.60 |

**Question 5**

*The following summarised Balance Sheets of H Ltd. and its subsidiary S Ltd. were prepared as on 31st March, 2017:*

| | *H Ltd. (₹)* | *S Ltd. (₹)* |
|---|---|---|
| ***Equity and Liabilities*** | | |
| ***Shareholders' Funds*** | | |
| *Equity Share Capital (fully paid up shares of ₹ 10 each)* | *12,00,000* | *2,00,000* |
| ***Reserves and Surplus*** | | |
| *General Reserve* | *4,35,000* | *1,55,000* |
| *Profit and Loss Account* | *2,80,000* | *65,000* |
| ***Current Liabilities*** | | |
| *Trade Payables* | *3,22,000* | *1,23,000* |
| *Total* | *22,37,000* | *5,43,000* |

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| | *H Ltd. (₹)* | *S Ltd. (₹)* |
|---|---|---|
| ***Assets*** | | |
| ***Non-Current Assets*** | | |
| *Fixed Assets* | | |
| *Machinery* | *6,40,000* | *1,80,000* |
| *Furniture* | *3,75,000* | *34,000* |
| ***Non-Current Investments*** | | |
| *Shares in S Ltd. - 16,000 shares @ ₹20 each* | *3,20,000* | *-* |
| ***Current Assets*** | | |
| *Inventories* | *2,68,000* | *62,000* |
| *Trade Receivables* | *4,70,000* | *2,35,000* |
| *Cash and Bank* | *1,64,000* | *32,000* |
| *Total* | *22,37,000* | *5,43,000* |

*H Ltd. acquired the 80% shares of S Ltd. on 1st April, 2016. On the date of acquisition, General Reserve and Profit Loss Account of S Ltd. stood at ₹50,000 and ₹30,000 respectively.*

*Machinery (book value ₹2,00,000) and Furniture (book value ₹40,000) of S Ltd. were revalued at ₹3,00,000 and ₹30,000 respectively on 1st April,2016 for the purpose of fixing the price of its shares (rates of depreciation computed on the basis of useful lives : Machinery 10% and Furniture 15%). Trade Payables of H Ltd. include ₹35,000 due to S Ltd. for goods supplied since the acquisition of the shares. These goods are charged at 10% above cost. The inventories of H Ltd. includes goods costing ₹55,000 purchased from S Ltd.*

*You are required to prepare the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017.*

***(20 Marks)***

**Answer**

**Consolidated Balance Sheet of H Ltd. and its Subsidiary S Ltd.**
**as at 31st March, 2017**

| ***Particulars*** | ***Note No.*** | ***(₹)*** |
|---|---|---|
| I. Equity and Liabilities | | |
| (1) Shareholder's Funds | | |
| (a) Share Capital | | 12,00,000 |
| (1,20,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each) | | |
| (b) Reserves and Surplus | 1 | 8,16,200 |

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| (2) | Minority Interest (W.N.4) | | 99,300 |
| (3) | Current Liabilities | | |
| (a) | Trade Payables | 2 | 4,10,000 |
| | Total | | 25,25,500 |
| II. Assets | | | |
| (1) | Non-current assets | | |
| (a) | Fixed assets | | |
| (i) | Tangible assets | 3 | 13,10,500 |
| (ii) | Intangible assets | 4 | 24,000 |
| (b) | Current assets | | |
| (i) | Inventories | 5 | 3,25,000 |
| (ii) | Trade Receivables | 6 | 6,70,000 |
| (iii) | Cash at Bank | 7 | 1,96,000 |
| | Total | | 25,25,500 |

**Notes to Accounts**

| | | | | ₹ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Reserves and Surplus | | | |
| | General Reserves | | 4,35,000 | |
| | *Add:* 80% share of S Ltd.'s post-acquisition reserves (W.N.3) | | 84,000 | 5,19,000 |
| | Profit and Loss Account | | 2,80,000 | |
| | *Add:* 80% share of S Ltd.'s post-acquisition profits (W.N.3) | 21,200 | | |
| | *Less:* Unrealised gain | (4,000) | 17,200 | 2,97,200 |
| | | | | 8,16,200 |
| 2. | Trade Payables | | | |
| | H Ltd. | | 3,22,000 | |
| | S Ltd. | | 1,23,000 | |
| | *Less:* Mutual transaction | | (35,000) | 4,10,000 |
| 3. | Tangible Assets | | | |
| | Machinery | | | |
| | H. Ltd. | | 6,40,000 | |
| | S Ltd. | 2,00,000 | | |
| | *Add:* Appreciation | 1,00,000 | | |
| | | 3,00,000 | | |

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| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *Less:* Depreciation | (30,000) | 2,70,000 | 9,10,000 |
| | Furniture | | | |
| | H. Ltd. | | 3,75,000 | |
| | S Ltd. | 40,000 | | |
| | *Less:* Decrease in value | (10,000) | | |
| | | 30,000 | | |
| | *Less*: Depreciation | (4,500) | 25,500 | 4,00,500 |
| | | | | 13,10,500 |
| 4. | Intangible assets | | | |
| | Goodwill [WN 5] | | | 24,000 |
| 5. | Inventories | | | |
| | H Ltd. | | 2,68,000 | |
| | S Ltd. | | 62,000 | 3,30,000 |
| | *Less:* Inventory reserve | | | (5,000) |
| | | | | 3,25,000 |
| 6. | Trade Receivables | | | |
| | H. Ltd. | | 4,70,000 | |
| | S Ltd. | | 2,35,000 | |
| | | | | 7,05,000 |
| | *Less:* Mutual transaction | | | (35,000) |
| | | | | 6,70,000 |
| 7. | Cash and Bank | | | |
| | H. Ltd. | | 1,64,000 | |
| | S Ltd. | | 32,000 | 1,96,000 |

**Working Notes:**

**1. Profit or loss on revaluation of assets in the books of S Ltd. and their book values as on 1.4.2016**

| | ₹ |
|---|---|
| ***Machinery*** | |
| Revaluation as on 1.4.2016 | 3,00,000 |
| Less: Book value as on 1.4.2016 | (2,00,000) |
| Profit on revaluation | 1,00,000 |
| ***Furniture*** | |
| Revaluation as on 1.4.2016 | 30,000 |
| Less: Book value as on 1.4.2016 | (40,000) |
| Loss on revaluation | (10,000) |

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**2. Calculation of short/excess depreciation**

| | *Machinery* | *Furniture* |
|---|---|---|
| Upward/ (Downward) Revaluation (W.N. 4) | 1,00,000 | (10,000) |
| Rate of depreciation | 10% p.a. | 15% p.a. |
| Difference [(short)/excess] | (10,000) | 1,500 |

**3. Analysis of reserves and profits of S Ltd. as on 31.03.2017**

| | *Pre-acquisition profit upto 1.4.2016* | *Post-acquisition profits (1.4.2016 – 31.3.2017)* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | *(Capital profits)* | *General Reserve* | *Profit and loss account* |
| General reserve as on 31.3.2017 | 50,000 | 1,05,000 | |
| Profit and loss account as on 31.3.2017 | 30,000 | | 35,000 |
| Upward Revaluation of machinery as on 1.4.2016 | 1,00,000 | | |
| Downward Revaluation of Furniture as on 1.4.2016 | (10,000) | | |
| Short depreciation on machinery (W.N. 5) | | | (10,000) |
| Excess depreciation on furniture (W.N. 5) | | | 1,500 |
| Total | 1,70,000 | 1,05,000 | 26,500 |

**4. Minority Interest**

| | ₹ |
|---|---|
| Paid-up value of (2,00,000 x 20%) | 40,000 |
| *Add:* 20% share of pre-acquisition profits and reserves [(20% of (50,000 + 30,000)] | 16,000 |
| 20% share of profit on revaluation | 18,000 |
| 20% share of post-acquisition reserves | 21,000 |
| 20% share of post-acquisition profit | 5,300 |
| | 1,00,300 |
| Less: Unrealised Profit on Inventory (55,000 x 10/110)* x 20% | (1,000) |
| | 99,300 |

** considered that ₹ 55,000 is cost to H Ltd. Alternative solution considering it as cost to S Ltd. is also possible*

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**5. Cost of Control or Goodwill**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cost of Investment | | 3,20,000 |
| Less: Paid-up value of 80% shares | 1,60,000 | |
| 80% share of pre-acquisition profits and reserves (₹ 64,000 + ₹72,000) | 1,36,000 | (2,96,000) |
| Cost of control or Goodwill | | 24,000 |

**Question 6**

*Answer any **four** of the following:*

*(a) Suvidhi Ltd. offered 50 shares to each of its 1500 employees on 1st April 2017 for ₹ 30. Option would be exercisable within a year it is vested. The shares issued under the plan shall be subject to lock-in on transfer for three years from the grant date. The market price of shares of the company is ₹ 50 per share on grant date. Due to post vesting restrictions on transfer, the fair value of shares issued under the plan is estimated at ₹ 38 per share.*

*On 31st March, 2018,1200 employees accepted the offer and paid ₹ 30 per share purchased. Nominal value of each share is ₹ 10.*

*Record the issue of shares in the books of the company under the aforesaid plan.*

*(b) Describe the different types of marine losses.*

*(c) How is Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) to be presented in the financial statements?*

*(d) From the following data find out the leverage effect on Goodwill :*

*(i) Current cost of capital employed - ₹ 12,48,000*

*(ii) Profit earned after current cost adjustment - ₹ 2,20,000*

*(iii) 12% long term secured loan - ₹ 5,40,000*

*(iv) Normal rate of return :*

*On equity capital employed - 16.20%*

*On long term capital employed - 14.25%*

*(e) In a liquidation which commenced on 11th November, 2017 certain creditors could not receive payments out of the realization of assets and out of the contributions from "A" list contributories.*

*The following are the details of certain transfer, which took place in 2016 and 2017:*

| ***Share holders*** | ***Number of shares transferred at the date of ceasing to be member*** | ***Date of ceasing to be member*** | ***Creditors remaining unpaid and outstanding (₹)*** |
|---|---|---|---|
| *C* | *2,500* | *1st September, 2016* | *5,000* |

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *P* | *1,500* | *1st January, 2017* | *9,000* |
| *D* | *2,000* | *1st April, 2017* | *12,000* |
| *B* | *700* | *1st August, 2017* | *13,500* |
| *S* | *300* | *15th September, 2017* | *14,500* |

*All the shares were ₹ 10 each, ₹ 5 paid up.*

*Ignoring expenses of and remuneration to liquidators show the amount to be realised from various persons listed above.* ***(4 Parts x 5 Marks = 20 Marks)***

**Answer**

**(a) Journal Entries in the books of Suvidhi Ltd.**

| *Date* | *Particulars* | | *Dr. (₹)* | *Cr. (₹)* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 31.3.18 | Bank A/c (60,000 shares x ₹ 30) | Dr. | 18,00,000 | |
| | Employees stock compensation expense A/c | Dr. | 4,80,000 | |
| | To Share Capital A/c (60,000 shares x ₹ 10) | | | 6,00,000 |
| | To Securities Premium (60,000 shares x ₹ 28) | | | 16,80,000 |
| | (Being shares issued under ESOP @ ₹ 30 to 1,200 employees) | | | |
| | Profit & Loss A/c | Dr. | 4,80,000 | |
| | To Employees stock compensation expense A/c | | | 4,80,000 |
| | (Being Employees stock compensation expense transferred to Profit & Loss A/c) | | | |

**Working Note**:

Fair value of an option = ₹ 38 – ₹ 30 = ₹ 8

Number of shares issued = 1,200 employees x 50 shares/employee = 60,000 shares

Fair value of ESOP which will be recognized as expenses in the year 2017-2018

= 60,000 shares x ₹ 8 = ₹ 4,80,000

Vesting period = 1 year

Expenses recognized in 2017-2018 = ₹ 4,80,000

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**(b)** Marine losses may be broadly of two types –

(i) ***Total Loss****:* When the subject matter of insurance, *i.e.,* cargo, ship, freight etc. is totally lost, it is known as a 'total loss'. Total loss is also of two types:

(a) ***Actual Total Loss*** - When the subject-matter of insurance is absolutely destroyed or totally lost to the insured, it is known as actual total loss.

(b) ***Constructive Total Loss*** - When the subject matter is not actually totally lost but is lost for all practical purposes *e.g.,* where the ship or cargo is reasonably abandoned and taken as lost or expenses to be incurred for saving the cargo or the ship are expected to be more than the value thereof, it is known as constructive total loss.

(ii) ***Partial Loss****:* When only a part of the subject matter is lost, it is known as partial loss. This loss may also be of two types as discussed below :

(a) ***General Average Loss -*** Such a loss is caused by extraordinary voluntary sacrifice made or expenditure incurred with the objective of protecting the interests of all owners in a voyage. An example of this type of loss is when the ship has run aground and part of the cargo is to be jettisoned to lighten the ship to save it as well as the cargo from total loss.

(b) ***Particular Average Loss -*** It is a partial loss of the subject matter of insurance caused by a peril against which it is insured but which is not a general average loss.

**(c)** MAT is treated as the current tax. The tax expense arising on account of payment of MAT should be charged at the gross amount, in the normal way, to the profit and loss account in the year of payment of MAT. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternate Tax under the Income Tax Act, the said asset should be created by way of a credit to the profit and loss account and presented as a separate line item therein.

MAT credit should be presented under the head under the head 'Non-current Assets' sub head 'Long-term Loans and Advances' as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 considering that there being a convincing evidence of realization of the asset, it is of the nature of a pre-paid tax which would be adjusted against the normal income tax during the specified period. The asset may be reflected as 'MAT credit entitlement'.

In the year of set-off of credit, the amount of credit availed should be shown as a deduction from the 'Provision for Taxation' on the liabilities side of the balance sheet. The unavailed amount of MAT credit entitlement, if any, should continue to be presented under the head 'Loans and Advances' if it continues to meet the considerations stated in the Guidance Note.

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**(d)**

| | | | ₹ |
|---|---|---|---|
| A | Profit for equity fund after current cost adjustment | | 2,20,000 |
| B | Profit (as per Long-term fund approach) | | |
| | Profit for equity fund | 2,20,000 | |
| | *Add*: Interest on Long-term loan (5,40,000 x 12%) | 64,800 | 2,84,800 |
| c | Current cost of capital employed (by Equity approach) | | 12,48,000 |
| d | Capital employed as per Long-term fund approach | | |
| | Current cost of capital employed (by Equity approach) | 12,48,000 | |
| | *Add*: 12% Long term loan | 5,40,000 | 17,88,000 |
| e | Value of Goodwill | | |
| | (A) By Equity Approach | | |
| | Capitalised value of Profit as per equity approach = (2,20,000/16.20%) | | 13,58,025 |
| | *Less*: Capital employed as per equity approach | | (12,48,000) |
| | Value of Goodwill | | **1,10,025** |
| | (B) By Long-Term Fund Approach | | |
| | Capitalized value of Profit as per Long-term fund approach = (2,84,800/14.25%) | | 19,98,596* |
| | *Less*: Capital employed as per Long-term fund approach | | (17,88,000) |
| | Value of Goodwill | | **2,10,596** |

Leverage effect on Goodwill:

Adverse Leverage effect on goodwill is ₹ 1,00,571 (i.e. ₹ 2,10,596 – ₹ 1,10,025)

** Rounded off*

**(e) Statement of Liabilities of B list contributors (showing the amount realized)**

| Creditors Outstanding on the date of ceasing to be member | P 1,500 Shares ₹ | D 2,000 Shares ₹ | B 700 Shares ₹ | S 300 Shares ₹ | Amount to be paid to the Creditors ₹ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (1) 9,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 1,400 | 600 | 9,000 |
| (2) 3,000 | - | 2,000 | 700 | 300 | 3,000 |

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| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (3) 1,500 | - | - | 1,050 | 450 | 1,500 |
| (4) 1,000 | - | - | - | 1,000 | 150 |
| Total (a) | 3,000 | 6,000 | 3,150 | 2,350 | |
| (b) maximum liability on shares held | 7,500 | 10,000 | 3,500 | 1,500 | |
| (c) Amount to be realized (a) or (b) whichever is lower | 3,000 | 6,000 | 3,150 | 1,500 | |

**Working Notes:**

1. C will not be liable since he transferred his shares prior to one year preceding the date of winding up.
2. P will not be responsible for further debts incurred after 01.01.2017 (from the date when he ceases to be a member). Similarly, D & B will not be liable for the debts incurred after the date of their transfer of shares.
3. The increase between 1st August 2017 and 15th September 2017, is solely the responsibility of S. Liability of S has been restricted to the maximum allowable limit of ₹ 1,500. Therefore, amount payable by S on 15.09.2017 is ₹ 150 only.
4. Ratio of discharge of liability will be in the ratio of no. of shares held by B List Contributories which is as follows:

**Calculation of Ratio for discharge of Liabilities**

| Date | Cumulative liability ₹ | Increase in liabilities ₹ | Ratio of no. of shares held by L, M, N, O |
|---|---|---|---|
| 01.01.2017 | 9,000 | - | 15:20:7:3 |
| 01.04.2017 | 12,000 | 3,000 | 20:7:3 |
| 01.08.2017 | 13,500 | 1,500 | 7:3 |
| 15.09.2017 | 14,500 | 1,000 | Only S |

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